

Jasper Weekly Courier

Vol. 61.

JASPER, INDIANA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1918,

No. 7.

The Huns Can't Stop This Tank - By F. Oppen



OFFICIAL FOOD NEWS

By Dr. Harry E. Barnard,
Federal Food Administrator for Indiana

Bessaire & Co., Indianapolis wholesale bakers' supply house, admitted violating the food regulations in taking an excessive margin of profit and requested permission to pay \$1,000 to the Red Cross. The privilege was granted and the firm promised strict compliance with the regulations.

Holders of sugar certificates may use them only during the month of issue. Outstanding certificates are void after October 15.

Emma Marsh, wife of a federal employee at Jeffersonville, bought 79 pounds of sugar for a family of four and was permitted to pay the Red Cross \$25 as a penalty. Gus F. Richards purchased 16 pounds at one time and was allowed to pay the Red Cross \$15. John S. McDonald, federal food administrator for Floyd county, handled both cases.

Housekeepers are urged to avail themselves of the glass and other substitutes for tin in canning and preserving. Salting and drying also are advocated for the sake of releasing to the federal government's requirements the metal needed for the business of winning the war. Commercial users of tin, including packers of tomatoes, beans, fruit, etc., have been forced to stringent regulations in their demands for cans.

County food administrators have been advised of the plan to enlist the co-operation of school children in the census of live stock to be taken by the United States Food administration, in Indiana, October 15. Blanks upon which the reports of the scholars are to be made are now in the hands of the printers and will be sent forward to school officials in plenty of time to permit of a survey of every quarter section in the state.

County food administrators and school teachers have been advised that this work is most important or they would not be asked to have it.

done. Upon the reports the world's food apportionment will be largely determined for the ensuing year, according to advices from Washington, where the complete reports, wholly accurate and reliable, are eagerly awaited.

F. B. Ransom, an Indianapolis attorney, has been made state director of United States Food clubs, among the colored population. He is appointing leaders in the colored communities of the state. His first appointment was Mrs. Emma Duval, 1217 Harlan street, Indianapolis, as city president.

Farmers who are selling their wheat at less than the guaranteed price on account of embargoes due to the lack of shipping facilities are asked to have patience. Prospects are good for an improved railroad situation within a few weeks.

For convenience in the 80-20 sales of wheat flour and substitutes, the food administration authorizes the sale of six pounds of substitutes with each 24½ pounds of wheat flour. This eliminates fractional considerations in the 4-to-1 ratio.

"Cash-and-Carry" stores will be permitted a 5-cent-per-pound profit on butter; "Credit-and-Delivery" stores 6 cents. An exhaustive inquiry is being made into the butter situation with a view to eliminating profiteering. The government's requisition of 25,000,000 pounds of stored butter is not regarded as sufficient justification for the sharp advances that have been made in prices during the past month.

Manufacturers of evaporated and condensed milk, alimentary pastes and table salt have agreed to standardize containers and restrict them to fixed quantities in an effort to save tin. The change becomes effective upon the consumption of present supplies.

WILLIAM A. WILSON.
General Insurance and Real Estate

Special rates on Farm Loans and Insurance for Du Bois Pike and adjoining counties. Fire, Tornado, Hail, Life, Accident, Plate, Glass, Automobile, Burglary and Liability Insurance, Bonding Co., represented. Phone 116-2.

Read the Courier.

Democratic County Ticket

For Prosecuting Attorney—Stanley Kreig
For Co. Auditor, Frank J. Seng
Clerk Circuit Court, Charles Bartley
Treasurer, Joseph A. Sonderman
Sheriff, Robert Nordhoff
Co. Assessor, James M. Songer
For coroner—Emil F. Steinkamp
For Surveyor—H. J. Lemme.
County Commissioners:
1st Dist., John A. Stenitzengel
2nd Dist. Henry Hopster
County Councilmen:
August F. Becker
William Rudolph
Louis H. Starn
4th Dist., Wm. Heitman.
For congress 3d District of Indiana:
Affiliated Megalomania.

County Agent Notes.

Office, Upstairs in the Court House at Jasper. I will be in the office all day Saturday and Monday morning and at other times when not busy in the field. Office hours: 8 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Phone 226.

Many farmers found out this year that top dressing wheat with straw was a paying proposition. But be sure of one thing: Don't top dress with wheat straw unless it has gone through the staples as bedding for wheat enemies so prevalent next year's crop. The joint worm—a little worm in the first joint down from the head—did much damage to the wheat this year.

By this time the careful poultry raiser will of course have the culling process over and the pullets and hens, which are expected to produce the winter eggs, in good condition for their winter work. Both young and old stock should be changed to their winter quarters so that they will be accustomed to the place by the laying time. Comfortable quarters for the laying stock should consist of a house that is dry, light, free from draughts but with plenty of fresh air and sun light. A house twenty feet square will accommodate one hundred fowls. The cost of adequate winter quarters for the flock need not worry the average poultry raiser, as often a house can be constructed of lumber from wrecked buildings or from rough boards from nearby saw mills.

This is to call your attention to the fact that now is the time to pick seed corn. About half of the farmers of the county will have to buy seed of the other half if they get good native seed stock. Can we depend upon you to not only get your own white the getting is good, but get enough for a neighbor who may not have any? It will all sell very well next spring. One hard freeze would decrease the germinating power considerably, it has been known to decrease it 25 percent.

How soon will we have such a freeze?

Pick from the Standing Corn. What we know about the following conditions when Crio Selected.

Height of ear—nothing
Position of ear—nothing.
Number of barren stalks in the same hill—nothing.
Strength of stalk—nothing.

Field Select d

Low ears (3½ ft) yield 59 bushels

High (4½ ft) yield 57 bushels

Upright ears yield less than overhanging ears.

They will increase or can be bred out by careful selection.

Ears from strong stalks in hill will produce strong stalks, weak stalks will grow stalks that easily blow over.

Size of ear has little to do with the yield unless coupled with the above considerations.

All yields given above are from actual tests made and carried on for 3 to 8 years. Considering the above there are many advantages in field selection and none in crib selection. It will not even save labor, because it will take more labor to grow a bush 1 of corn next year from crib selected seed than field selected seed because of the higher yield of the latter. If you want a demonstration of seed corn picking, keeping the above points and many others in mind, call the County Agent's office and one will be arranged for in your neighborhood.

What we need is a better distribution of labor.

The farmer that plans for his future farming work has more

time to do more planning. The other day I was on one farm where the following needed to be done at once:

Silo filling
Wheat ground preparation,
Cow pea hay to harvest,
Clover hulling,
Sorghum stripping and cutting
Tobacco cutting and hanging,
and before all this could be done the corn would need to be cut up.

BUSY—that farmer was too busy to think about any future work. Of course the weather changes the plans of the farmers but some times a few hours spent in planning during the winter months will save days of hard labor next summer when the sun shines. Let the live stock help harvest next year's crops. The time and labor of "hew" is considered as nothing to some people but it is worth a lot when labor is scarce and feeds high.

Now that you have bought your 4th Liberty Bond, do the next best thing—get an insurance policy for next year's corn crop—by Selecting Your Seed Corn.

H. C. THOMPSON,
County Agricultural Agent.

NO, CROWN PRINCE! WE CAN NOT STOP FOURTH LOAN NOW

IT'S AWFUL, THIS INJUSTICE WE
HAVE DONE HIM, IS PRINCE-
LING'S WAIL.

A MATTER OF SELF-DEFENSE

Pershing is on the Road to Berlin and
It's Too Late to Stop
Him.

It appears that a grave injustice has been done that modest, truth-loving, sorely beset nation of Germany. We are made to understand that words speak louder than deeds, for we have it from the Crown Prince himself, as stated a few days ago in Budapest:

We do not want to annihilate our enemy . . . we mean to hold our own and not let ourselves be annihilated.

How unjust we have been in believing that Germany wanted to annihilate anyone or anything. It was self-defense, pure and simple. Der Tag meant the day Germany should have to defend her honor against a malicious world. "Deutschland über Alles" was only the expression of a desire for a long and prosperous life. That gigantic bristling murder machine that marched through Belgium and smashed its way toward Paris was but the raising of a hand to ward off a blow.

Men, women and children were deported into Germany to protect humanity. The women and children slaughtered in Belgium and France were killed in self-defense. Poison gas, liquid fire and the 72-mile gun were defensive measures only.

Change Over His Dream.

But why the sudden change in defensive tactics? Why do the German armies suddenly decide that they are contaminated by fighting a hundred miles over their own border lines? Why have they decided to return to "sacred soil"?

And yet we rather believe the Crown Prince and his five brothers do not want to be annihilated. But why didn't he explain all that before we got started on this Fourth Liberty Loan? We can't stop Pershing, Foch and Haig now, because they are en route to Berlin and we've got to raise the money for the trip.

Say, Mr. Crown Prince, plead insanity. That's get you off. And in the meantime we must buy bonds and put you out of the crown prince business forever.

SELFISHLY UNSELFISH

We're being very unselfish when we deprive ourselves of pleasures and amusements and non-essentials and buy Liberty Bonds. Yes, all very true, but we're being mighty selfish, too! For we're saving money for our own precious selves which will draw interest which will be paid regularly and which, as at last we all realize, is a mighty good thing to do, and we realize, too, we're getting the safest investment in the world.

LIBERTY DAY TO HAVE FAR-REACHING APPEAL AS HARVEST FESTIVAL

Boards of Education Are Co-Operating
With Liberty Loan Organization
for Oct. 12.

Liberty Day in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign will be Saturday, Oct. 12. In former years Liberty Day was observed on the second Friday of the campaign.

L. B. Franklin, Director of War Loans, in a communication to the head of the Liberty Loan Organization publicity department, in announcing the change, which has been suggested by the United States Bureau of Education, speaks of the appropriateness of the day, the anniversary of the discovery of America, for the purpose.

The Treasury Department, in co-operation with the United States Bureau of Education, will request every school district in the United States—city, town and countryside—to arrange for the celebration of the discovery of America with an appropriate harvest home festival.

"There is," says Mr. Franklin, "logical unity between both of the ideas and the Liberty Loan. When the people of a community recount the deeds of their summer's labor they will naturally ask themselves what share of them they ought to invest in Liberty Bonds. When they come to realize what the discovery of America has meant to them personally, what it has meant for the cause of freedom and democracy, what it will mean for the salvation of the world in the present world tragedy, when they begin to feel all this they must of necessity say this is worth investing in, worth fighting for, worth making any sacrifice for."

In Every Community.

"To create this state of mind is the purpose of celebrating the discovery of America. It is our hope that the nation-wide celebration will stir such enthusiasm over America's mission in the world as to enable each community to reach at least its quota by that day. Let every local community make this its goal and on Liberty Day announce the achievement and rejoice over it."

The Bureau of Education, at the request of the Treasury Department, is preparing suggestions for a harvest home festival celebration and has the facilities for mailing them to almost every one of the 300,000 schools in the United States.

"The harvest home festival is our earliest form of American celebration, before cities were built, and it would be a distinct gain to carry the idea over into city life. The characteristic harvest of the city is not fruit or grain, but the products of social life, like commerce, arts, music, architecture. City and country communities will of course celebrate the day each after its own fashion, but the harvest home idea applies equally to both. Whatever a community's particular type of product may be, on Liberty Day its aim should be to reap a harvest of dollars for democracy. On this day we meet not as city or country people, but as citizens, all united for the single purpose of serving the nation by devoting a part of our products to its needs."

CHURCHES BUYING BONDS

Government Securities Are Found to
Be Ideal for Endowment
Funds.

Calling attention to the opening of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign Sept. 28, The Pilot, a monthly paper published by the St. Louis Federation of Evangelical Brotherhoods, fires its first gun in the campaign.

"Awakened patriotism," it says editorially, "has made the American people a saving people, a bond-buying people. The effect of the Liberty Loans on the national character, on our national life, on the individual citizen and our home life is immeasurable—of incalculable benefit."

The Pilot advocates the giving of Liberty Bonds to church work to become a reserve fund and a memorial to the giver. It says that the synod and the Orphans' Home of the Evangelical Church have benefited by many donations along this line.

"Who will be the next with the Fourth?" is the question The Pilot asks Evangelical members and friends. Many churches and church institutions are awakening to the opportunity of financing themselves and creating reserve funds by stimulating the people to buy and give Liberty Bonds. Westminster College, Fulton, Mo., an institution of the Presbyterian Church, is raising a permanent endowment fund of \$500,000, much of the amount being given in Liberty Bonds. In all of the literature sent forth by the campaign office of Westminster a call for the gift of bonds is set forth.

WAR STAMPS SALE TO BE QUIET UNTIL LOAN IS FINISHED

THRIFT CAMPAIGN IS TAKEN
OVER BY FEDERAL RESERVE
BANK, EIGHTH DISTRICT.

BONDS TO HAVE PRECEDENCE

Statement of Rolla Wells Explains
How Sales Forces Will
Operate.

Official communication from the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., was received in St. Louis that the Federal Reserve Bank has assumed the dictatorship in the War Savings campaign. The income of the War Savings campaign will be hereafter conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of the Eighth District. The Treasury Department, this action was made necessary because of the resignation of F. A. Vanderlip as chairman of the National War Savings Organization.

Hon. Rolla Wells, governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, in an interview Wednesday, stated that he had received definite instructions from Washington to take charge of all activities in the sale of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates in the Eighth Federal Reserve District. This will necessitate considerable reorganization to conform with the geographical lines of the Eighth District. Hereafter the Thrift Stamp and War Savings campaign has been carried on through state directors, without regard to the geographical lines of the district.

Fourth Loan Supersedes War Savings. Mr. Wells stated that it was too early to announce definite plans, but that the work of reorganization will be taken up at the close of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign. He further stated, however, that it is absolutely necessary that any aggressive selling campaign of War Savings Certificates cease from now until after the close of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign.

The War Savings county and city organizations are requested to co-operate with the Liberty Loan Organization, in order that the campaign may be successful and that there may be no confusion in the two selling movements. Advertisements, public meetings and all campaigns for the aggressive sale of War Savings Certificates must be discontinued temporarily, in order that all energies may be duly employed in the sale of Liberty Bonds. In fact, hereafter the two organizations will be closely related under one leadership.

Mr. Wells stated that at the earliest possible date notice of his jurisdiction will be given to all War Savings workers, but requests in the interim that this statement be given due publicity in the Eighth Federal Reserve District and be accepted as his official statement.

Co-Operation Assured.

The state, county and city chairmen of the War Savings organizations have been exceedingly helpful in instilling in the minds of the people the necessity of saving for the benefit of our nation. A tremendous amount of these securities have been sold, and the leaders of the War Savings Organization are deserving of great praise. It is hoped that in the reorganization the good work will continue and that the services of a large part of this organization may again be available.

Mr. Wells was asked if this meant that no Thrift Stamps or War Savings Certificates would be for sale during the Liberty Loan campaign.

"Emphatically no," replied Mr. Wells. "Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps can be purchased as heretofore, but all public solicitation must cease during the conduct of the Liberty Loan campaign. The importance of the sale of Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds cannot be too strongly emphasized. Six billion dollars for our nation is a tremendous sum of money, and \$50,000,000 for the people of the Eighth Federal Reserve District is a correspondingly heavy loan. Success can only come through the co-operation of all. It is therefore vitally necessary that there should be but one aggressive campaign during the period of the Fourth Liberty Loan. The greater need of our nation must take precedence."

AS THEY MARCH

As they march, march, march; as they fight, fight, fight, we can march, march, march and fight, fight, fight with our money! We can be a part of the great Fourth Liberty Loan parade!